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March 29, 1995

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FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION Giral Control

EX PARTE

William F. Caton **Acting Secretary** Federal Communications Commission Mail Stop 1170 1919 M Street, N.W., Room 222 DOOLET FILE POOR CHANGE Washington, D.C. 20554

Dear Mr. Caton:

CC Docket No. 94-54 - Equal Access and Interconnection Obligations Pertaining to Commercial Mobile Radio Service; GN Docket No. 93-252 - Implementation of Sections 3(n) and 332 of the Communications Act; GN Docket No. 90-314 -Personal Communications Services; CC Docket No. 92-115 - Revision of Part 22 of the Commission's Rules Governing the Public Mobile Services; ET Docket No. 92-9 - Redevelopment of Spectrum to Encourage Innovation

Yesterday, Lyndon R. Daniels, Pacific Bell Mobile Services, Jim Tuthill, Senior Attorney, Pacific Bell and Alan Ciamporcero, Executive Director, Federal Regulatory Relations, Pacific Telesis met with Laurence D. Atlas, Wireless Telecommunications Bureau; Commissioner Rachelle B. Chong; Chairman Reed E. Hundt; Gregory Rosston, Office of Plans and Policy; Jill Luckett, Special Advisor to Commissioner Chong and Courtney Bailey, Intern in Commissioner Chong's office, to discuss issues outlined in the attached summary. Messrs. Daniels and Tuthill met with John Cimko, Jr., Chief, Policy Division and Nancy Boocker, Wireless Telecommunications Bureau, on these issues. In addition, Messrs. Daniel and Tuthill and I met with Lisa B. Smith, Legal Advisor to Commissioner Andrew C. Barrett and with John R. Williams and Evan R. Kwerel, of the Office of Plans and Policy, to discuss these questions. Please associate these materials with the abovereferenced proceedings.

> No. of Copies rec'd List A B C D E

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We are submitting two copies of this notice in accordance with Section 1.1206(a)(1) of the Commission's Rules.

Please stamp and return the provided copy to confirm your receipt. Please contact me should you have any questions or require additional information concerning this matter.

Sincerely,

Attachment

cc: Laurence D. Atlas

Courtney Bailey

Nancy Boocker

Rachelle B. Chong

John Cimko, Jr.

Reed E. Hundt

Evan R. Kwerel

Jill Luckett

Gregory Rosston

Lisa B. Smith

John R. Williams

PACIFIC EN BELL. Motife Services

L. R. Daniels

Bringing Mobility to

The Mass Market

President, Pacific Bell Mobile Services

PCS Will Be a Tougher Business To Enter And Compete In Than Most People Realize

- Compete against established cellular providers
- More sites required than cellular
- Higher Initial costs before reaching market
- More competition for site locations
- Microwave relocation issues
- Roaming arrangements needed

Commission help will be necessary to assist PCS's launch



Industry Evolution For National Roaming Service May Not Be In The Public Interest

- Today, national roaming is only available on Cellular Analog networks
- Large cellular and PCS companies plan to create "national networks"
 - AT&T/McCaw: TDMA
 - Airtouch/Bell Atlantic: CDMA
 - Sprint: Potential GSM
- Customers of independent PCS carriers (i.e.; Regional and Designated Entities) may be unable to access these national networks for technological or competitive reasons



A Broad Roaming Policy Should Be Adopted

- To promote competition, the FCC should require that Cellular Carriers provide access to national analog roaming services on a fair and nondiscriminatory basis
 - Existing arrangements provide good benchmarks to determine what is fair and nondiscriminatory
- Cooperative agreements among all CMRS providers for roaming should be expected by the FCC whenever technically feasible



Microwave Relocation

- A single microwave link can affect multiple PCS blocks
 - Existing microwave channel plan and PCS channel blocks cause a number of overlaps based on transmitted frequency
 - Not all incumbent microwave links follow the standard 80 MHz separation between transmit and receive frequencies



Possible Microwave Relocation Cost Unaring Proposals - Interference Rights

- An FCC license has granted the user the right to transmit between two points and also grants the user protection from future interference. The interference rights are defined in Section 94.63 and require all future users to show that they will not cause harmful interference.
- This cost sharing proposal would separate the transmit rights from the interference rights and allow the PCS provider who pays for the incumbent's relocation to retain the interference rights. All PCS providers would have to consider these interference rights in their analyses as if the microwave link were still active.



Global System for Mobile Communications (GSM)

- Attacks on GSM are wrong and misleading
- Complaints in Europe about interference with hearing aids don't apply in the U.S. because
 - Reports in Europe were based on tests using mobile phones with up to 8W output power; in U.S., GSM phones will have maximum 1W peak
 - Most hearing aids in Europe are "behind the ear" type;
 in U.S., 99.9% are "in the canal" type with which there isn't interference
- Attacks are anti-competitively motivated

